AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The following is a complete listing of revised claims with a status identifier in parenthesis.

LISTING OF CLAIMS

- 1. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for testing an endurance of an optical disc, comprising:
 - a rotation plate configured to rotate an rotating the optical disc;
- a scratching unit <u>configured to produce producing</u> a scratch on a surface of the optical disc <u>being rotated</u> by the rotation plate; and
- a frame configured to cause the scratching unit to apply pressure to supplying a predetermined pressure on the scratching unit and causing the scratching unit to contact the optical disc, so as to produce a scratch on the surface of the optical disc.
- 2. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the scratching unit includes a scratcher <u>configured to produce producing</u> a scratch on the surface of the optical disc, and a holder <u>configured to hold fixing</u> the scratcher.
- 3. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 2, wherein the scratcher is formed of steel wool.

- 4. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the frame is configured to cause the scratching unit to apply pressure in a supplies a predetermined pressure in the range of 50 to 5000 gf/cm² to the optical discseratching unit.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the frame is weighted to cause supplies a pressure caused by its own weight to the scratching unit to apply pressure to the optical disc.
 - 6. (Canceled)
- 7. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising:
- a motor <u>formed disposed</u> below the rotation plate and <u>configured to provide providing</u> a rotation force to the rotation plate.
- 8. (Currently Amended) A method for testing an endurance of an optical disc, comprising:

<u>disposing fixing</u> the optical disc on a rotation plate;[[, and]] rotating the optical disc along with the rotation plate;

applying pressure to the optical disc using a scratching unit supplying a predetermined pressure to a scratcher, while the optical disc rotates for a predetermined number of rotation turns, so as to produce a scratch on a

surface of the optical disc, resulting from a contact with the <u>scratching unit</u> scratcher; and

determining the endurance of the optical disc based on the scratch produced on the surface of the optical disc.

- 9. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 8, wherein the <u>applying step applies pressure supplying a predetermined pressure to the seratcher includes having the optical disc rotate for 5 rotation turns or less of the optical disc.</u>
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 8, wherein the applying step applies pressure pressure applied to the scratcher is decided differently depending upon a predetermined based on a number of rotation turns of the optical disc.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 10, wherein the applying step applies pressure inversely proportional to the pressure applied to the scratcher is decided to be at a low level when the predetermined number of rotation turns of the optical disc-is high, and at a high level when the predetermined number of rotation turns of the optical disc is low.

- 12. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 8, wherein the applying step applies pressure in a pressure applied to the scratcher is decided within the range of 500 to 1500 gf/cm².
- 13. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 8, wherein the <u>scratching unit includes scratcher is formed of steel wool for forming scratches on the optical disc.</u>
- 14. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 8, wherein the determining the endurance of the optical disc includes determining step determines the optical disc to be deficient when the if a depth of the scratch is equal to or more than 2 micrometers (µm), and determining determines the optical disc to be normal when if the depth of the scratch is less than 2 micrometers (µm).